

Naru SW Bird Checklist

100m SW of Naru

New Georgia Group (SE of Gizo): Solomon Islands

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| # | Common Name | Scientific Name | Ecol. Status | Abundance | References |
|----|---------------------|---------------------------------|--------------|------------------------|------------|
| 1. | Eastern Reef Egret | <i>Egretta sacra</i> | Res bre | 2 on 13.12.2005, | 1, |
| 2. | Brahminy Kite | <i>Haliastur indus</i> | Res bre | 1 roosting 13.12.2005, | 1, |
| 3. | Greater Sand-plover | <i>Charadrius leschenaultii</i> | Sum mig | 3 seen 13.12.2005, | 1, |

KEY

Ecological status

End = Endemic to Island unless otherwise stated, **Res bre** = Resident breeder, **Res** = resident ie breeding not proven or not likely. For seabirds it means they have or should be found in that area: note other refs. **Vag** = Vagrant, **Res/mig** = Part of population migratory, **Sum mig** = Summer migrant, **Win mig** = Winter migrant, **Spr/Aut mig** = Passage migrant in Spring and Autumn, **Intro** = Introduced.

Abundance

R = rare, **S** = scarce, **UC** = uncommon, **MC** = moderately common, **LC** = locally common, **C** = common, **VC** = very common, **A** = abundant **P** = present.

Colour coding applies only to one species on a particular list. eg. An abundance comment in **red** for the Brown Booby refers to the Ref # in **Red** for that species only.

Alternate Island Names & alternate common Bird Names are recorded in two separate spreadsheet files.

REFERENCES

1. Tarburton, M.K. 2005. Personal Field Notes.