

Tong Island Bird Checklist

Admiralty Group, PNG.

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#	Common Name	Scientific Name	Ecol. Status	Abundance	References
1.	Eastern Reef Egret	<i>Egretta sacra</i>	Res bre	P,	1,
2.	Eastern Osprey	<i>Pandion cristatus</i>	Res	Most Dense Pop in Bismarcks esp FW lakes	1,2,
3.	Oriental Hobby	<i>Falco severus</i>	Mig/bre?	1 obs 1995	3,
4.	Melanesian Scrub Fowl	<i>Megapodius eremita</i>	Res bre	Lays in beach sand.	1,5,
5.	Crested Tern	<i>Sterna Bergii</i>	Res	sev obs 6/07,	11,
6.	White-bibbed Ground-Dove	<i>Gallicolumba jobiensis</i>	?	1 st Obs Jun 1997.	4,
7.	Yellow-bibbed Fruit-Dove	<i>Ptilinopus solomonensis</i>	Res bre	MC, Heard 6/07,	3,11,
8.	Island Imperial Pigeon	<i>Ducula pistrinaria</i>	Res bre	Moderately common	3,
9.	Mackinlay's Cuckoo-Dove	<i>Macropygia mackinlayi</i>	Res bre	Sev obs 6/07,	11,
10.	White-rumped Swiftlet	<i>Aerodramus spodiopygius</i>	Res bre	Hundreds breed & roost in 2 caves at sea level.	2,
11.	Sacred Kingfisher	<i>Todirhamphus sanctus</i>	Win mig	2 obs Jul 1995	3,
12.	Beach Kingfisher (White-headed)	<i>Halcyon saurophaga</i>	Res bre	P, obs 6/07,	1,2,11,
13.	Island Monarch	<i>Monarcha cinerascens fulviventris</i>	Res bre,	P, obs 6/07,	9,11,
14.	Manus Monarch	<i>Monarcha infelix coultasi</i>	Res?	6 obs & photo. Jun 1997	4,8,
15.	Manus Fantail	<i>Rhipidura semirubra</i>	End + San Mig	1 rec C in scrub below coconuts 12/day, 12 obs Aug 2000, Obs 6/07,	2,3,6,10,11,
16.	Ebony Myzomela	<i>Myzomela pammelaena</i>	End sm Isles Bis Arch,	Common on coconut flowers <50/day, Obs 6/07,	1,2,3,11,

KEY

Ecological status

End = Endemic to Island unless otherwise stated, **Res bre** = Resident breeder, **Res** = resident ie breeding not proven or not likely. For seabirds it means they have or should be found in that area: note other refs. **Vag** = Vagrant, **Res/mig** = Part of population migratory, **Sum mig** = Summer migrant, **Win mig** = Winter migrant, **Spr/Aut mig** = Passage migrant in Spring and Autumn, **Intro** = Introduced.

Abundance

R = rare, **S** = scarce, **UC** = uncommon, **MC** = moderately common, **LC** = locally common, **C** = common, **VC** = very common, **A** = abundant **P** = present.

Colour coding applies only to one species on a particular list. eg. An abundance comment in **red** for the Brown Booby refers to the Ref # in **Red** for that species only.

Alternate Island Names & alternate common Bird Names are recorded in two separate spreadsheet files.

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