

Panapompom Is. Bird Checklist

Deboyne Grp, Milne Bay P.N.G.

10 45 58s 152 23 17e

Compiled by M.K. Tarburton, Pacific Adventist University, PNG. *

swiftlet@optusnet.com.au

(for contact, re-type e-mail address)

#	Common Name	Scientific Name	Ecol. Status	Abundance	References
1.	Orange-footed Scrubfowl	<i>Megapodius reinwardt macgillivrayi</i>	Res	P & coll Oct 2009,	1,
2.	Eastern Reef Egret	<i>Egretta sacra</i>	Res	Grey & white forms P Oct 2009,	1,
3.	Lesser Frigatebird	<i>Fregata ariel</i>	Res	P Oct 2009,	1,
4.	Eastern Osprey	<i>Pandion cristatus</i>	Res	P Oct 2009,	1,
5.	Brahminy Kite	<i>Haliastur indus</i>	Res	P Oct 2009,	1,
6.	Variable Goshawk	<i>Accipiter novaehollandiae</i>	Res	P Oct 2009,	1,
7.	Common Sandpiper	<i>Actitis hypoleucos</i>	Sum mig	P Oct 2009,	1,
8.	Crested Tern	<i>Thalasseus bergii</i>	Res	P Oct 2009,	1,
9.	Bridled Tern	<i>Onychoprion anaethetus</i>	Res	P Oct 2009,	1,
10.	Emerald Dove	<i>Chalcophaps indica</i>	Res	P Oct 2009,	1,
11.	White-bibbed Fruit-Dove	<i>Ptilinopus rivoli</i>	Res	P Oct 2009,	1,
12.	Pied Imperial Pigeon	<i>Ducula bicolor</i>	Res	P Oct 2009,	1,
13.	Grey Imperial Pigeon	<i>Ducula pistrinaria</i>	Res	P Oct 2009,	1,
14.	Sulphur-crested Cockatoo	<i>Cacatua galerita</i>	Res	P & coll Oct 2009,	1,
15.	Eastern Black-capped Lory	<i>Lorius hypoinochrous</i>	Res	P Oct 2009,	1,
16.	Uniform Swiftlet	<i>Aerodramus vanikorensis</i>	Res	P Oct 2009,	1,
17.	Collared Kingfisher	<i>Todiramphus chloris</i>	Res	P Oct 2009,	1,
18.	Beach Kingfisher	<i>Todiramphus saurophaga</i>	Res	P Oct 2009,	1,
19.	White-chinned Myzomela	<i>Myzomela albigula</i>	Res	P Oct 2009,	1,
20.	Mangrove Golden Whistler	<i>Pachycephalus melanura</i>	Res	P Oct 2009,	1,
21.	Willie Wagtail	<i>Rhipidura leucophrys</i>	Res	P Oct 2009,	1,
22.	Rufous Fantail	<i>Rhipidura rufifrons</i>	Res	P Oct 2009,	1,
23.	Spectacled Monarch	<i>Monarcha trivirgatus</i>	Res	P Oct 2009,	1,
24.	Shining Flycatcher	<i>Myiagra alecto</i>	Res	P Oct 2009,	1,
25.	Torresian Crow	<i>Corvus orru</i>	Res	P Oct 2009,	1,
26.	Louisiade White-eye	<i>Zosterops griseotinctus</i>	Res	P Oct 2009,	1,

KEY

Ecological status

End = Endemic to Island unless otherwise stated, **Res bre** = Resident breeder, **Res** = resident ie breeding not proven or not likely. For seabirds it means they have or should be found in that area: note other refs. **Vag** = Vagrant, **Res/mig** = Part of population migratory, **Sum mig** = Summer migrant, **Win mig** = Winter migrant, **Spr/Aut mig** = Passage migrant in Spring and Autumn, **Intro** = Introduced.

Abundance

R = rare, **S** = scarce, **UC** = uncommon, **MC** = moderately common, **LC** = locally common, **C** = common, **VC** = very common, **A** = abundant, **P** present.

Colour coding applies only to one species on a particular list. eg. An abundance comment in **red** for the Brown Booby refers to the Ref # in **Red** for that species only.

Alternate Island Names & alternate common Bird Names are recorded in two separate spreadsheet files.

REFERENCES

1. Dumbacher, J.P., Iova, B.A., Mindell, D., Gibert, P., & Bozic, T. 2010. Surveys of birds and bird diseases in multiple small islands of the Louisiade Archipelago, Milne Bay Province: A pilot project. A report to the Dept of Environment & Conservation, PNG on California Acad. of Sci. Expedition 2009.