

Dawson Is. Bird Checklist

Laseine Group P.N.G.

10 23 25s 151 24 57e

Compiled by M.K. Tarburton, Pacific Adventist University, PNG. *

swiftlet@optusnet.com.au

#	Common Name	Scientific Name	Ecol. Status	Abundance	References
1.	Orange-footed Scrubfowl	<i>Megapodius reinwardt macgillivrayi</i>	Res	P Nov 2009,	1,
2.	Wedge-tailed Shearwater	<i>Ardenna pacificus</i>	Res	P Nov 2009,	1,
3.	White-faced Heron	<i>Egretta novaehollandiae</i>	Res? Vag?	P Nov 2009,	1,
4.	Eastern Reef Egret	<i>Egretta sacra</i>	Res	Both white & grey forms present Nov 2009,	1,
5.	Great Frigatebird	<i>Fregatta minor</i>	Res	P Nov 2009,	1,
6.	Brown Booby	<i>Sula leucogaster</i>	Res	P Nov 2009,	1,
7.	Brahminy Kite	<i>Haliastur indus</i>	Res	P Nov 2009,	1,
8.	Common Sandpiper	<i>Actitis hypoleucos</i>	Sum mig	P Nov 2009,	1,
9.	Sharp-tailed Sandpiper	<i>Calidris acuminata</i>	Sum mig	P Nov 2009,	1,
10.	Grey Imperial Pigeon	<i>Ducula pistrinaria</i>	Res	P Nov 2009,	1,
11.	Eastern Black-capped Lory	<i>Lorius hypoinochrous</i>	Res	P Nov 2009,	1,
12.	White-breasted Woodswallow	<i>Artamus l. leucorhynchus</i>	Res	P Nov 2009,	1,
13.	Island Monarch	<i>Monarcha cinerascens</i>	Res	P Nov 2009,	1,
14.	Shining Flycatcher	<i>Myiagra alecto</i>	Res	P Nov 2009,	1,
15.	Torresian Crow	<i>Corvus orru</i>	Res	P Nov 2009,	1,
16.	Metallic Starling	<i>Aplornis m. metallica</i>	Res	MC Nov 2009,	1,
17.	Singing Starling	<i>Aplornis cantoroides</i>	Res	P Nov 2009,	1,
18.	Black Sunbird	<i>Nectarinia aspasia</i>	Res	MC Nov 2009,	1,
19.	Yellow-bellied Sunbird	<i>Nectarinia jugularis</i>	Res	P Nov 2009,	1,

KEY

Ecological status

End = Endemic to Island unless otherwise stated, **Res bre** = Resident breeder, **Res** = resident ie breeding not proven or not likely. For seabirds it means they have or should be found in that area: note other refs. **Vag** = Vagrant, **Res/mig** = Part of population migratory, **Sum mig** = Summer migrant, **Win mig** = Winter migrant, **Spr/Aut mig** = Passage migrant in Spring and Autumn, **Intro** = Introduced.

Abundance

R = rare, **S** = scarce, **UC** = uncommon, **MC** = moderately common, **LC** = locally common, **C** = common, **VC** = very common, **A** = abundant, **P** present.

Colour coding applies only to one species on a particular list. eg. An abundance comment in **red** for the Brown Booby refers to the Ref # in **Red** for that species only.

Alternate Island Names & alternate common Bird Names are recorded in two separate spreadsheet files.

REFERENCES

1. Dumbacher, J.P., Iova, B.A., Mindell, D., Gibert, P., & Bozic, T. 2010. Surveys of birds and bird diseases in multiple small islands of the Louisiade Archipelago, Milne Bay Province: A pilot project. A report to the Dept of Environment & Conservation, PNG on California Acad. of Sci. Expedition 2009.