

# Conflict Group. Bird Checklist

## Louisiade Arch. P.N.G.

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#	Common Name	Scientific Name	Ecol. Status	Abundance	References
1.	Eastern Osprey	<i>Pandion cristatus</i>	Res	Observed on Panasesa Islet by Hamlin 1929/30,	5,
2.	Black-naped Tern	<i>Sterna sumatrana</i>	Res bre	Observed on Panasesa Islet by Hamlin 1929/30,	5,
3.	Pomarine Skua	<i>Stercorarius pomarinus</i>	Sum mig	Alaskan bird radio-tracked nearby Dec 2006,	1,
4.	Collared Kingfisher	<i>Todirhamphus chloris colona</i>	Res bre	Observed on Panasesa Islet by Hamlin 1929/30,	5,
5.	Leaden Flycatcher	<i>Myiagra rubecula sciurorum</i>	Res bre/Win mig	P, Coll on Panasesa by Hamlin 1929/30,	3,4,5,
6.	Common Golden Whistler	<i>Pachycephala pectoralis collaris</i>	Res bre	P, Coll on Panasesa by Hamlin 1929/30,	3,4,5,
7.	Louisiade White-eye	<i>Zosterops griseotinctus griseotincta</i>	Res bre	P, Collected by Hamlin 1929/30,	2,3,4,5,
8.	White-chinned Myzomela	<i>Myzomela albigula pallidor</i>	End E. Papuan Is.	P, Coll on Panasesa by Hamlin 1929/30,	2,3,4,5,
9.	Black Sunbird	<i>Nectarinia aspasia christiana</i>	Res bre	Obs by Hamlin on Panasesa,	5,
10.	Singing Starling	<i>Aplornis cantoroides</i>	Res bre	P, Coll on Panasesa by Hamlin 1929/30,	3,5,

### KEY

#### Ecological status

**End** = Endemic to Island unless otherwise stated, **Res bre** = Resident breeder, **Res** = resident ie breeding not proven or not likely. For seabirds it means they have or should be found in that area: note other refs. **Vag** = Vagrant, **Res/mig** = Part of population migratory, **Sum mig** = Summer migrant, **Win mig** = Winter migrant, **Spr/Aut mig** = Passage migrant in Spring and Autumn, **Intro** = Introduced.

#### Abundance

**R** = rare, **S** = scarce, **UC** = uncommon, **MC** = moderately common, **LC** = locally common, **C** = common, **VC** = very common, **A** = abundant, **P** present.

**Colour coding** applies only to one species on a particular list. eg. An abundance comment in red for the Brown Booby refers to the Ref # in Red for that species only.

**Alternate Island Names & alternate common Bird Names are recorded in two separate spreadsheet files.**

### REFERENCES

1. Troy, D. 2008. Tracking Records of Troy Ecological Research Associates, Anchorage, Alaska.
2. Beehler, B.M., T.K. Pratt & D.A. Zimmerman. 1986. **Birds of New Guinea**. Princeton University Press, Princeton.
3. Coates, B.J. 1990. **The Birds of Papua New Guinea Vol. 2. Passerines**. Dove Pub. Aldersley, Qld.
4. Rand, A.L., & E.T Gilliard. 1967. **Handbook of New Guinea Birds**. Weidenfeld & Nicolson, London.
5. LeCroy, M., and W. S. Peckover. 1998. Misima's missing birds. *Bulletin of the British Ornithological Club* **118**, 217-238.