Ree Is. Bird Checklist Tayandu Grp W of Aru Islands, Indonesia 5 37 22.00s 132 14 50.00e

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#	Common Name	Scientific Name	Ecol. Status	Abundance	References
1.	Eastern Osprey	Pandion cristatus	Res	Obs Apr 1994,	1,
2.	Orange-footed Scrubfowl	Megapodius reinwardt	Res bre	20 nest mounds obs 24 Apr 1994,	1,
3.	Australian Pied Oystercatcher	Haematopus longirostris	Res? Vag	1 heading to this island 23 Apr 1994, Coll in Jul, 1 egg 21 Jul 1899,	1,2,
4.	Ruddy Turnstone	Arenaria interpres	Sum/Spr/Aut M	lig 5 obs 23 Apr 1994.	1,
5.	Roseate Tern	Sterna Dougallii	Res bre	Breeding rec by Kühn in Jul,	2,
6.	Black-naped Tern	Sterna sumatrana	Res bre	Breeding rec & coll by Kühn 20-21 Jul,	2,
7.	Little Tern	Sterna albifrons	Res	Br in numbers by Kühn Jul 1890's, no records since,	1,2,
8.	Elegant Pitta	Pitta elegans vigorsii	Res	Obs Apr 1994 by S. van Balen,	1,
9.	Rufous Fantail	Rhipidura rufifrons henrici	Res bre	P,	1,
10.	White-tufted Honeyeater	Lichmera squamata	Res bre	S or UC here,	1,

<u>KEY</u>

Ecological status

End = Endemic to Island unless otherwise stated, **Res bre** = Resident breeder, **Res** = resident ie breeding not proven or not likely. For seabirds it means they have or should be found in that area: note other refs. **Vag** = Vagrant, **Res/mig** = Part of population migratory, **Sum mig** = Summer migrant, **Win mig** = Winter migrant, **Spr/Aut mig** = Passage migrant in Spring and Autumn, **Intro** = Introduced.

Abundance

 $\mathbf{R} = \text{rare}, \mathbf{S} = \text{scarce}, \mathbf{UC} = \text{uncommon}, \mathbf{MC} = \text{moderately common}, \mathbf{LC} = \text{locally common}, \mathbf{C} = \text{common}, \mathbf{VC} = \text{very common}, \mathbf{A} = \text{abundant } \mathbf{P} = \text{present}.$

Colour coding applies only to one species on a particular list. eg. An abundance comment in red for the Brown Booby refers to the Ref # in Red for that species only. Alternate Island Names & alternate common Bird Names are recorded in two separate spreadsheet files.

REFERENCES

- 1. Johnstone, R.E. & S. van Balen. 2013. The birds of the Kai and Tayandu Islands, Maluku Region, Indonesia. W.A. Nat. Club 29(1): 11-56.
- 2. Hartert, E. 1901-03. On the birds of the Key and Timorlaut Islands, and of Ceram Laut. Novitates Zoologicae 8: 1-5, 93-101; 10: 232-254.