Marai Island Bird Checklist Geelvink Islands, Indonesia.

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#	Common Name	Scientific Name	Ecol. Status	Abundance	References
1.	Yellow-bibbed Fruit-Dove	Ptilinopus solomonensis speciosus	Res bre	P, Lowland forests,	1,2,
2.	Claret-breasted Fruit-dove	Ptilinopus viridis geelvinkianus	Res bre	Р,	2,

KEY

Ecological status

End = Endemic to Island unless otherwise stated, Res bre = Resident breeder, Res = resident ie breeding not proven or not likely. For seabirds it means they have or should be found in that area: note other refs. Vag = Vagrant, Res/mig = Part of population migratory, Sum mig = Summer migrant, Win mig = Winter migrant, Spr/Aut mig = Passage migrant in Spring and Autumn, Intro = Introduced.

Abundance

 $\mathbf{R} = \text{rare}, \mathbf{S} = \text{scarce}, \mathbf{UC} = \text{uncommon}, \mathbf{MC} = \text{moderately common}, \mathbf{LC} = \text{locally common}, \mathbf{VC} = \text{very common}, \mathbf{A} = \text{abundant}, \mathbf{P} = \text{present}.$

Colour coding applies only to one species on a particular list. eg. An abundance comment in red for the Brown Booby refers to the Ref # in Red for that species only. **Alternate Island Names & alternate common Bird Names are recorded in two separate spreadsheet files.**

REFERENCES

- 1. Beehler, B.M., T.K. Pratt & D.A. Zimmerman. 1986. Birds of New Guinea. Princeton University Press, Princeton.
- 2. Rand, A.L., & E.T Gilliard. 1967. Handbook of New Guinea Birds. Weidenfeld & Nicolson, London.