# Redeme #3 Island Bird Checklist
## 10m long, 110m SE of Redeme #2 Isl.
## New Georgia Group, Solomon Islands.

8 10 06.07s 156 59 02.31e

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| # | Common Name | Scientific Name | Ecol. Status | Abundance | References |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| 1. | Eastern Osprey | *Pandion orientalis* | Res | 1 seen resting 14.12.2005, | 1, |
| 2. | Black-naped Tern | *Sterna sumatrana sumatrana* | Res | 6 resting 14.12.2005, | 1, |
| 3. | Island Imperial Pigeon | *Ducula pistrinaria* | Res | 2 on 14 Dec 2005, | 1, |
| 4. | Beach Kingfisher | *Todirhamphus saurophaga* | Res | Pair 14.12.2005, | 1, |

## KEY
**Ecological status**

**End** = Endemic to Island unless otherwise stated, **Res bre** = Resident breeder, **Res** = resident ie breeding not proven or not likely.  For seabirds it means they have or should be found in that area: note other refs. **Vag** = Vagrant, **Res/mig** = Part of population migratory, **Sum mig** = Summer migrant, **Win mig** = Winter migrant, **Spr/Aut mig** = Passage migrant in Spring and Autumn, **Intro** = Introduced.

**Abundance**

**R** = rare, **S** = scarce, **UC** = uncommon, **MC** = moderately common,  **LC** = locally common, **C** = common, **VC** = very common, **A** = abundant **P** = present.

Colour coding applies only to one species on a particular list.  eg. An abundance comment in red for the Brown Booby refers to the Ref # in Red for that species only.

Alternate Island Names & alternate common Bird Names are recorded in two separate spreadsheet files.

## REFERENCES

1.   Tarburton, M.K.  2005.  Personal Field Notes.