Raputalavata Island Bird Checklist

South of Rob Roy Island, Solomon Islands

7 28 53.07s 157 34 46.23e

Compiled by Michael K. Tarburton, Pacific Adventist University, PNG.

swiftlet@optusnet.com.au

[To communicate: please re-type e-mail address]

#	Common Name	Scientific Name	Ecol. Status	Abundance	References
1.	Lesser Frigatebird	Fregata ariel	Res	2 overhead 20.12.05,	1
2.	Crested Tern	Thalasseus bergii cristatus	Res	1 on driftwood 20.12.05,	1,
3.	Black-naped Tern	Sterna sumatrana sumatrana	Res	1 roosting onshore 20.12.05,	1,
4.	Island Imperial Pigeon	Ducula pistrinaria	Res	4 seen + 5 heard 20.12.2005,	1,
5.	Ducorp's Cockatoo	Cacatua ducorpsi	End Sol	1 heard 20.12.05,	1,
6.	Eastern Koel	Eudynamys orientalis	Win mig	1 heard 20.12.2005,	1,
7.	Blyth's Hornbill	Rhyticeros plicatus	Res	2 seen 20.12.05,	1,
8.	Yellow-bellied Sunbird	Nectarinia jugularis	Res	1 heard 20.12.2005,	1,

KEY

Ecological status

End = Endemic to Island unless otherwise stated, Res bre = Resident breeder, Res = resident ie breeding not proven or not likely. For seabirds it means they have or should be found in that area: note other refs. Vag = Vagrant, Res/mig = Part of population migratory, Sum mig = Summer migrant, Win mig = Winter migrant, Spr/Aut mig = Passage migrant in Spring and Autumn, Intro = Introduced.

Abundance

R = rare, S = scarce, UC = uncommon, MC = moderately common, LC = locally common, C = common, VC = very common, A = abundant P = present.

Colour coding applies only to one species on a particular list. eg. An abundance comment in red for the Brown Booby refers to the Ref # in Red for that species only.

Alternate Island Names & alternate common Bird Names are recorded in two separate spreadsheet files.

REFERENCES

1. Tarburton, M.K. 2005. Personal Field Notes.