

74 Isles of Southern Lagoon Bird Checklist

New Caledonia

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#	Common Name	Scientific Name	Ecol. Status	Abundance	References
1.	Tahiti Petrel	<i>Pseudobulweria rostrata trouessarti</i>	Res bre	100 pairs estimated to be breeding on 12 islets 1994-98,	1,3,
2.	Black-winged Petrel	<i>Pterodroma nigripennis</i>	Res bre	986 pairs counted breeding on 29 islets 1994-1998,	1,3,
3.	Wedge-tailed Shearwater	<i>Ardenna pacificus</i>	Res bre	474,000 pairs counted on 43 islets 1994-1998,	1,
4.	Red-footed Booby	<i>Sula sula rubripes</i>	Res bre	10-30 pairs breeding on 1 islet 1994-1998,	1,
5.	Masked Booby	<i>Sula dactylatra personata</i>	Res	C but not breeding 1994-1998,	1,
6.	Brown Booby	<i>Sula leucogaster plotus</i>	Res	C but not breeding 1994-1998,	1,
7.	Silver Gull	<i>Chroicocephalus novaehollandiae</i>	Res bre	1000 – 1500 pairs breeding on 28 islets 1994-1998,	1,3,
8.	Crested Tern	<i>Thalasseus bergii cristatus</i>	Res bre	1000 pairs breeding sporadically on 5 islets 1994-1998,	1,
9.	Roseate Tern	<i>Sterna dougallii bangsi</i>	Res bre	2000–5000 pairs breeding sporadically on 21 islets 1994–1998,	1,
10.	Black-naped Tern	<i>Sterna s. sumatrana</i>	Res bre	500–1000 pairs breeding sporadically on 24 islets 1994–1998,	1,3,
11.	Fairy Tern	<i>Sternula nereis exsul</i>	Res bre	20 pairs nested 1992, 0 pr 1993-96, 3 pr 1997, 7+ pr 1998,	4 rec, 1,3,
12.	Bridled Tern	<i>Onychoprion a. anaethetus</i>	Res bre	500 – 1000 pairs breeding on 21 islets 1994 – 1998, At times with Sooty Terns,	1,2,3,
13.	Sooty Tern	<i>Onychoprion fuscata serrata</i>	Res bre	200 – 300 pairs breeding sporadically on 3 islets 1994 – 1998,	1,3,
14.	Brown Noddy	<i>Anous stolidus pileatus</i>	Res bre	1000 pairs breeding on 9 islets 1994 – 1998,	1,
15.	Black Noddy	<i>Anous m. minutus</i>	Res bre	>60,000 pairs breeding on 7 islets 1994 – 1998,	1,3,

KEY

Ecological status

End = Endemic to Island unless otherwise stated, **Res bre** = Resident breeder, **Res** = resident ie breeding not proven or not likely. For seabirds it means they have or should be found in that area: note other refs. **Vag** = Vagrant, **Res/mig** = Part of population migratory, **Sum mig** = Summer migrant, **Win mig** = Winter migrant, **Spr/Aut mig** = Passage migrant in Spring and Autumn, **Intro** = Introduced.

Abundance

R = rare, **S** = scarce, **UC** = uncommon, **MC** = moderately common, **LC** = locally common, **C** = common, **VC** = very common, **A** = abundant, **P** present.

Colour coding applies only to one species on a particular list. eg. An abundance comment in **red** for the Brown Booby refers to the Ref # in **Red** for that species only.

Alternate Island Names & alternate common Bird Names are recorded in two separate spreadsheet files.

REFERENCES

1. Benoit, M.P. & Bretagnolle, V. 2002. Seabirds of the Southern Lagoon of New Caledonia; Distribution, abundance and threats. *Waterbirds* 25(2), 202-213.
2. Bretagnolle, V. & Benoit, M.P. 1997. Distribution, status and notes on the breeding biology of the Bridled Tern *Sterna anaethetus* in New Caledonia. *Emu* 97, 310-315.
3. Barré, N. & Dutson, G. 2000. Liste commentée des oiseaux de Nouvelle-Calédonie. *Alda* 3: suppl. 1-48.